



Problem of the Week

Problem B and Solution

Fishing for Thermoclines

Problem

Paige is headed to Lac Nilgault to do some fishing for lake trout and pike. She knows that small pike generally like 18°C water, large pike like 12°C water, and lake trout like 10°C water. She measures the water temperature in the lake at different depths, and collects the following data.

| Depth m | Temp $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | Depth m | Temp $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
|------------|----------------------------|------------|----------------------------|
| 0.5 | 20 | 5 | 15 |
| 1 | 19 | 5.5 | 15 |
| 1.5 | 18 | 6 | 15 |
| 2 | 18 | 6.5 | 12 |
| 2.5 | 18 | 7 | 11 |
| 3 | 17 | 7.5 | 10 |
| 3.5 | 17 | 8 | 10 |
| 4 | 16 | 8.5 | 10 |
| 4.5 | 16 | 9 | 9 |

Plot points to make a broken-line graph to illustrate this data.

- At what depths should Paige be fishing for small pike?
- At what depths should Paige be fishing for lake trout?
- Paige knows that most lakes have a thermocline where the water will rapidly change temperature. At what depth is the top of the thermocline in Lac Nilgault?

Solution

- According to the data, Paige should fish for small pike at a depth between 1.5 m and 2.5 m.
- She should fish for lake trout at a depth between 7.5 m and 8.5 m.
- We can see from the graph that the temperature starts to quickly drop at a depth of about 6 m. Therefore, the top of the thermocline is at a depth of about 6 m.

Temperature vs. Depth of Water

